Safety Data Sheet

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : CC Drain Cube

Other means of identification: PC-2422

Product type: A solid preparation containing naturally occurring bacterial cultures.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Consumption of organic wastes common in waste water treatment environments

Supplier's details: ATCO International 1401 Barclay Circle, S.E. Marietta, Ga 30060 770-424-7550

Emergency phone number: 800-255-3924

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture:

ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) – Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION – Category 2B

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms:



Signal word:

Hazard statements: Harmful if swallowed. Causes eye irritation.

Warning

Precautionary statements

 Prevention:
 Wear eye or face protection. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

 Response:
 IF SWALLOWED: Call a Poison Center or physician if person feels unwell. Rinse mouth. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persist seek medical attention.

Storage: Not applicable.

Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, nationa I and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: Mixture Other means of identification: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number:Not applicable.Product code:2422

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	>7 - <10	68439-46-3
disodium hydrogenorthophosphate	>4 - <5	7558-79-4

Any concentrations shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or to the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. If irritation persists, get medical attention.
- Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin Contact: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- **Ingestion:** Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person fells sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in a recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes eye irritation.

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact:Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, watering, redness.Inhalation:No specific data.Skin contact:No specific data.Ingestion:No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11).

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products: Decomposition products may include the following materials: Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, phosphorus oxides, metal oxide/oxides.

Special protective actions for fire fighters:

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters:

Fire fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel."

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill: Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. All persons should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection		
Control parameters Occupational exposure limits:	None.	
Appropriate engineering controls:	Good general ventilation should be efficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.	
Environmental exposure controls:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measures Hygiene measures:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Eye/face protection:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.	

Section 8. Exposure controls	/personal protection
Skin protection	
Hand protection:	Chemical resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection:	Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state:	Solid.
Color:	Tan.
Odor:	Fermentation.
Odor threshold:	Not available.
pH:	Not applicable.
Melting point:	Not available.
Boiling point:	Not available.
Flash point:	Product does not sustain combustion.
Evaporation rate:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not available.
Upper/lower explosive	
(flammable) limits:	Not available.
Vapor pressure:	Not available.
Vapor density:	Not available.
Relative density:	Not available.
Solubility:	Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient:	
n-octanol/water:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature:	Not available.
Viscosity:	Not available.

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity			
No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.			
The product is stable.			
ty of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.			
No specific data.			
No specific data.			

Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	LD ₅₀ Dermal	Rabbit	2 g/kg	-
	LD ₅₀ Oral	Rat	1378 mg/kg	-
disodium	LD ₅₀ Oral	Rat	17000 mg/kg	-
hydrogenorthophosphate				

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
disodium	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
hydrogenorthophosphate					
	Skin – Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

Sensitization: Not available.

Mutagenicity: Not available.

Carcinogenicity: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity: Not available.

Teratogenicity: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure): Not available.

Aspiration hazard: Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal. Routes of entry not anticipated: Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact:	Causes eye irritation.
Inhalation:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion:	Harmful if swallowed.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, watering, redness.Inhalation:No specific data.Skin contact:No specific data.Ingestion:No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term

exposure Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects:	Not available.
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects: Potential delayed effects:	Not available. Not available.
Potential chronic health effects: General: Carcinogenicity: Mutagenicity: Teratogenicity: Developmental effects: Fertility effects:	Not available. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates	
Route	ATE value
Oral	1316.5 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	Acute EC ₅₀ 5.36 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans – Ceriodaphnia dubia – Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC ₅₀ 2686 ug/l Fresh water	Daphnia – Daphnia magna – Neonate	48 hours
disodium hydrogenorthophosphate	Acute LC_{50} 8500 ug/l Fresh water Acute LC_{50} 3580000 ug/l Fresh water	Fish – Pimephales promelas Daphnia – Paphnia magna	96 hours 48 hours

Persistence and degradability:

Not available.

Bio-accumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	-	237	low
disodium	-5.8	-	low
hydrogenorthophospate			

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc): Not Available.

Other adverse effects:

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard classes	-	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-	-	-

Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according	to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Co	de: Not available.			
Section 15. Regulatory information					
U.S. Federal regulations:	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Clean Water Act (CWA) 311:	Not determined. disodium hydrogenorthophosphate.			
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAP):	Not listed.			
Clean Air Act Section 602 C	Not listed.				
Clean Air Act Section 602 C	Not listed.				
DEA List I Chemicals (Prece	Not listed.				
DEA List II Chemicals (Esse	Not listed.				
SARA 302/304 Composition/information of No products were found.	on ingredients				
SARA 304 RQ:	Not applicable.				
SARA 311/312 Classification:	Immediate (acute) health hazard .				

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Section 15. Regulatory information

lame	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxyla disodium nydrogenorthophosphate	ted >7 - <10 >4 - <5	No. No.	No. No.	No. No.	Yes. Yes.	No. No.
<u>tate regulations</u> Massachusetts: New York: New Jersey: Pennsylvania:	The follo The follo disodiun	wing compor wing compor n salt.	nents are listed: F nents are listed: S nents are listed: S nents are listed: F	odium phosphate odium phosphate	e, dibasic. e, dibasic, phosph	noric acid,
nternational regulations Chemical Weapon Con		chedules I, I	II & III Chemicals	: Not lis	ted.	
Montreal Protocol (Ann	exes A, B, C,	<u>E):</u>		Not lis	ted.	
Stockholm Convention	on Persisten	Organic Po	ollutants:	Not lis	ted.	
Rotterdam Convention	on Prior Infor	m Consent ((PIC):	Not lis	ted.	
UNECE Aarhus Protoc	ol on POPs an	d Heavy Me	tals:	Not lis	ted.	
Canada: N China: N Europe: N Japan: N Malaysia: N	ot determined. ot determined. ot determined. ot determined. ot determined. ot determined.					

Section 16. Other information

Republic of Korea: Not determined.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	1
Flammability	0
Physical hazards	0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based upon a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks and 4 representing significant hazards or risk. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDS's under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

HAZARD RATINGS:

HEALTH: 1, FLAMMABILITY: 0, INSTABILITY/REACTIVITY: 0, PHYSICAL HAZARD: 0.

This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of the ingredients. Whether the ingredients are classified by NFPA or not anyone using the NFPA classification system to classify the ingredients does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Acute Tox. 4, H302	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2B, H320	Calculation method

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